

Tour Agenda -1-Yangshan Port

A. Agenda

07:45~08:00	Gather at the gate of the hotel (Starting at 8 o 'clock on time)
08:00~10:00	From Shanghai to Shanghai Flower Port
10:00~11:30	Visiting Shanghai Flower Port
11:30~12:30	Lunch Time
12:30~15:30	Visiting Yangshan Port
15:30~17:30	Return to hotel from Port



B. Introduction of Suzhou

Yangshan Port (Yángshān Gǎng), formally the Yangshan Deep-Water Port , is a deep water port for container ships in Hangzhou Bay south of Shanghai. Connected to Shanghai's Pudong New Area by the Donghai Bridge and forming part of the Port of Shanghai, the islands of Greater and Lesser Yangshan are administered separately as part of Zhejiang's Shengsi County.

Built to allow the Port of Shanghai to grow despite shallow

waters near the shore, it allows berths with depths of up to 15 meters (49 ft) to be built, and can handle today's largest container ships. The port is built on the islands of Greater and Lesser Yangshan, part of the Zhoushan archipelago, with fill from land reclamation.

C. Attraction



▼ The East China Sea Bridge





▼ Shanghai Flower Port

▼ Free Trade Zone

Tour Agenda -2-Suzhou

A. Agenda

07:45~08:00	Gather at the gate of the hotel (Starting at 8 o 'clock on time)
08:00~10:00	From Shanghai to Suzhou Hanshan Temple
10:00~11:30	Visiting Hanshan Temple
11:30~12:30	Lunch Time
12:30~14:00	Visiting Tiger Hill
14:00~15:30	Visiting Pingjiang Road
15:30~17:30	Return to Shanghai from Suzhou

B. Introduction of Suzhou



Suzhou is a city with a long history on the lower reaches of the Yangtze River and on the shores of Lake Taihu in the province of

Jiangsu, China. The city is renowned for its beautiful stone bridges, pagodas and meticulously designed gardens, which has become a great tourist attraction. Suzhou has also been an important center for China's silk industry since the Song Dynasty(960-1279), and continues to hold that prominent position today.

C. Attraction

a) Hanshan Temple

Hanshan Temple right on the Grand Canal, the Hanshan Temple has become the city's most



important landmark. The temple was first built between the years 502-519. It was named after Han Shan, a Tang-dynasty monk who lived there. The temple has been immortalized by the famous poem Anchorage by the Maple Bridge written by the prominent Tang Dynasty poet, Zhangji. Zhang' s poem reads" The moon is down, the raven calls the cold frost fills the sky; Off near the Gusu Town(Suzhou) as midnight passes" .

b) Tiger Hill



Tiger Hill is renowned as the "Number One Scenery of the Kingdom of Wu." The hill is 36 meters in height and covers an

area of about 14,100 square meters. A number of historic attractions, including some dating back 2,500 years, as old as the city of Suzhou, are located on the hill.

c) Pingjiang Road



Pingjiang Road is a Suzhou historic street. Pingjiang Road apart from

the history is known, it is one of the outstanding characteristics of food.

